BEAVER ARGUS.

BEAVER, PENN'A.

Wednesday, Nov. 12th, 1862.

T. C. NICHOLSON & Co., Proprietors.

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☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

THE DISUNIONIST'S FATE.

BY N. SANDERS PLATT.

Thy vision is fearful,
And dread its control,
As rushes the tramp of
The slain o'er thy soul!
Their foot prints are marked
With blood as they fly;
Dread stains of thy dark soul
Up from the earth cry.
Their faces are pallid,
So stark and so cold;
While the foam from their lips
Thy sad crimes unfold.

The breath of the matron,
The sighs of the maid,
Are kissing their cold lips,
And make thee afraid!
The wails of the orphaned;
Their tears and their sighs,
Are raining in blood-drops
Adown on thine eyes.
A nation is mourning—
A nation of slain
Comes, ghastly with horror,
And tread, thy heart's train.

See! red drops of anguish
You've wrung from the heart;
Dark shadows they throw us,
Their lips stand apart.
They utter thy misdeeds:
Thy raven-wings come,
To wrap thy heart over,
As crape-muffled drum!
Each pulse of thy being
Repeats the dread roar
Of cannon that thundered
O'er fields flowing gore.

The blood of a nation
Is offered for thine;
Their blood on the alter
Of Liberty's shrine.
They come, the dark legions,
They rush on thy sight!
'Tis lightning of Heaven
That flashes their flight.
It gleams on thy memory,
Lights up the dark field,
And pierces the heart
That ambition has steeled!

Lo! anguish that covers
Their wounded and dead!
Thy being's a sepulchre
Of memories dread.
The battle is over,
But on on its red shrine
Thy soul is the victim
That e'er shall repine.
Its shadows shall steal
As a veil of the night!
Thy limbs shall be palsied
With dread of the sight!

Thy pale lips shall utter
The groans of the slain,
While raved before thee
They e'er shall remain.
The white foam of madness
The war-horse has breathed
About thy pale lips shall
In horror be wreathed.
No power shall lift the
Dread veil from thy soul;
The curs'd hand has won it,
And blackened thy scroll!

The veil of thick shadows
Is dark 'gainst the sun;
As glowing with fire
That gleams from the gun.
Thy soul, so sin-blackened,
Would fain steal away
To the dark brow of hell,
That thy shadows portray:
For they sink—they are slain—
Those legions of men;
Their blood, as a river,
Flows down life's dark glen.

The Loss of a Wife.

No man but one who has been called upon to mourn the loss of a beloved companion can appreciate the beauty and truthfulness of the following article, which we copy from an exchange:

"In comparison with the loss of a wife all other bereavements are trifling. The wife—she who fills so large a space in the domestic heaven; she who has busied herself so unweariedly for the precious ones around her; bitter, bitter is the tear that falls upon the cold clay! You stand beside her coffin and think of the past. It seems an amber-colored pathway when the sun shone on beautiful flowers, and the stars hung glittering overhead.—Fain would the soul linger there; no thorns are remembered, save those your hands may unwillingly have planted; her noble, tender heart lies open to your inmost sight. You think of her now as all gentleness, all beauty, all purity. But she is dead! The dear head that has lain upon your bosom rests in the still darkness upon a pillow of clay. The hands that have ministered so untiringly are folded beneath the gloomy portals, the heart whose every beat measured an eternity of love lies under your feet. The flowers she bent over in smiles, bend now above her in tears, shaking the dew from their petals, that the verdure around her may be green and beautiful."

HALLECK'S BODY-GUARD.—An officer expressed the wish to Mr. Stanton to be appointed to command the body-guard of some General. The Secretary replied: "Sir, General Halleck tells me that the only body-guard he ever had was a terrier puppy."

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OUR ELECTION.

Never was a great and patriotic party doomed to bear up against such a combination of adverse influences as those with which the Republicans and Union War Democrats struggled in our contest of yesterday. They were compelled to meet at the polls

1. Every partisan of Slavery and sympathizer with the Slaveholders' Rebellion;

2. The great Rumselling interest, organized as a political power, and lavishing funds as well as efforts in behalf of the Democratic ticket;

3. Two Hundred Thousand Voters who "never voted any other than the Democratic ticket, and never will," though that ticket were all made up of Fernando and Ben Woods and undisguisedly favorable to revolutionary usurpation and despotism;

4. Thousands whose god is Mammon, and who, finding the War expensive and burdensome, are anxious for peace at any price;

5. Every coward who fears being drafted;

6. Every sneak who has been told that Seymour's election will relieve him from the payment of War taxes, and is actually fool enough to believe it;

7. The depressing effect of the recent Elections and their unexpectedly adverse results.

8. The absence at the seat of War of at least One Hundred Thousand of our bravest and bestmen, two-thirds of them ardent Republicans and a good share of the remainder Union War Democrats of the school of Dickinson, Bancroft and Tremain;

9. General dissatisfaction with the slow progress or no progress of our Armies, and a widespread feeling that, through the incapacity, inefficiency, or insincerity, of our Military leaders, the blood and treasure of the loyal Millions are being sacrificed in vain

The loss to Gen. Wadsworth and the Union War ticket from this last source alone must be estimated by tens of thousands. It was in vain that the party of the country bore up manfully against it and did all that men could do to mitigate its effect.—"What is the use of sending our young heroes to die of exposure, fatigue and fever, in a war wherein they are not permitted to fight?—wherein nothing is really and resolutely attempted?—whose progress is only marked by deaths in hospitals and augumentation of our Public Debt?—wherein month after month drags on its tedious hours to no purpose and with no result?"—such were the questions that caused [illegible] voters to refuse invincibly to approach the [illegible]—how strongly urged, and impelled other thousands to vote against their nobler impulses and better judgment—no vote according to the dictates of discouragement and despair.

We tell the Administration most earnestly that the Country cannot endure another month such a [illegible] of our Armies—that a [illegible] Woodpeckerism at the North, in thorough sympathy if not in open alliance with the Jeff. Davis Rebellion at the South, will inevitably result from such inaction. The war for the Union must be fought out speedily and resolutely, or it will die out. Defeat would be calamity, but delay is ruin.—*N. Y. Tribune of Nov. 5th.*

Signers of the Declaration.

One of the most remarkable circumstances attending the fortune of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, was the tranquility in which their lives were passed, and the late period to which they were protracted. Most of them lived to a good old age, crowned with civil honors bestowed by the gratitude of the republic, and some of them perished by the mere decay of the powers of nature. Of the fifty-six who affixed their signatures to that document, twenty-seven lived to an age exceeding seventy years, and forty an age of sixty. Only two of the whole number—Gwinnett of Georgia, who fell in a duel in his forty-fifth year, and Lynch of South Carolina, who was shipwrecked in his sixtieth—died a violent death. Twenty-one lived to the beginning of the present century, and three were permitted to see the great experiment of a representative confederacy confirmed by the events of fifty years. Of all the delegates from New York and New England, only one—Whipple of New Hampshire—died at an earlier age than sixty.—Never in the world had the leaders in any bold and grand political movement more reason to congratulate themselves and their country on the issue. The exertions and perils of their manhood were succeeded by a peaceful, honored and ripe old age, in which they witnessed the happy result of the institution they had aided in devising; and they were gathered in their graves amid the regrets of the generation which was in its cradle when they laid the foundation of the republic.

☞ "How terribly the ship labors!" exclaimed a passenger to the captain, as they stood together in the bight of the binnacle, "what cargo have you in the hold?" "Petroleum," replied the captain, turning his telescope in his trowsers pocket. "Oh! oh! petroleum," rejoined the passenger, "that's rock oil; no wonder she rocks."

What is the Hardest Mode to Die?

To be shot dead is one of the easiest modes of terminating life; yet, rapid as it is, the body has leisure to feel and reflect. On the first attempt by one of the frantic adherents of Spain to assassinate William, Prince of Orange, who took the lead in the revolt of the Netherlands, the ball passed through the bones of the face and brought him to the ground. In the instant that preceded stupefaction, he was able to frame the notion, that the ceiling of the room had fallen and crushed him.

The cannon shot which plunged into the brain of Charles the Twelfth did not prevent him from seizing his sword by the hilt. The idea of an attack and the necessity for defence, was pressed on him by a blow which we should have supposed too tremendous to leave an interval for thought. But it by no means follows that the inflicting of fatal violence is accomplished by a pang.

From what is known of the first effect of a gun-shot wound, it is probable that the impression is rather stunning than acute. Unless death be immediate, the pain is as varied as the nature of the injuries, and these are past counting up. But there is nothing singular in the dying sensation, though Lord Byron remarked the physiological peculiarity that the expression is invariably that of languor, while in death from a stab the countenance reflects the natural character, of gentleness or ferocity, to the last breath. Some of these cases are of interest, to show with what slight disturbance life may go under a mortal wound, till it finally comes to a sudden stop.

A foot soldier at Waterloo, pierced by a musket ball in the hip, begged water of a trooper, who chanced to possess a canteen of beer. The wounded man drank, returned his heartiest thanks, mentioned that his regiment was nearly exterminated, and having proceeded a dozen yards on his way to the rear, fell to the earth, and with one convulsive movement of his limbs, concluded his career. "Yet his voice," said the trooper, who himself tells the story, "gave scarcely the smallest sign of weakness."

Captain Basil Hall, who, in his early youth, was present at the battle of Corunna, has singled out, from the confusion which consigns to oblivion the woes and gallantry of war, another instance, extremely similar, which occurred on that occasion. An old officer, who was shot in the head, arrived pale and faint at the temporary hospital, and begged the surgeon to look at his wound, which was probe responded, with impeded utterance, "and yet I should like very much to live a little longer were it possible." He laid his sword upon a stone at his side, "as gently," says Hall, "as if its steel had been turned to glass, and almost immediately sank dead upon the turf."

The Seven Negro Regiments.

The announcement coming from Wilmington that seven regiments of slaves, drilled by white officers, had arrived to garrison the coast towns and fortifications of North Carolina during the sickly season, ought to open the eyes of those who are in a chronic dread lest we should do something to offend our dear brethern of the South. It is all right for full blown and pestilent rebels, who, for no earthly reason have destroyed the Union and desolated this fair country, to employ slaves to do all their work in the infamous war they have brought about, but for loyalists to endeavor to punish traitors, and deprive them of their "sinews of war," is the cruel and inhuman device of "abolitionists." It is just by such false and mawkish sentimentalism that the North has become the laughing stock not only of Europe, but of its own bitterest enemies—the foes of its own household. It is thus that rebellion has become actually more profitable than loyalty, and that those who make every sacrifice to fight our battles become sickened and disheartened when they perceive such "distinguished consideration" shown for those who have perpetrated crimes enough to have merited death by the stake. If simple anti-slavery men have of late become open and avowed abolitionists, the rebels have to thank themselves, for they are daily indoctrinating us into that once obnoxious creed.

If depriving the rebels of their slaves would serve to quell the rebellion, restore permanent peace or cripple our adversaries, we would take every one of them, even though they should afterwards prove a burden on ourselves. More than that, we would employ them in our army, not as fighters, but in every other way in which they could relieve our soldiers, or make themselves of any possible use. It would be a glorious thing to see this giant insurrection crushed by the very primal cause for which the rebels originated it, and to demonstrate to the world that a bloody and desolating war can never succeed when it has for its only motive the everlasting enslavement of a whole race. For Southern aristocrats to produce such terrible results as this rebellion is producing, and will yet produce, for the sake of making colossal fortunes out of the unrequited labor, or the unholy traffic and propagation of slaves, is a monstrous plot, and must be cursed of God.—*Pitts. Chron.*

Old Anti-Slave[illegible]tors.

"There is not a [illegible]ng, who wishes more sincer[illegible] do to see a plan adopted [illegible]olition of slavery."—[Geo. W[illegible]on, April 12, 1786.

"The scheme, [illegible] Marquis, which you propose, [illegible]cedent to encourage the eman[illegible] of the black people in this [illegible] from the state of bondage in [illegible] they are held is a striking ev[illegible] of the benevolence of your h[illegible]—[Washington to Lafayette, 178[illegible].

"It is the most [illegible] wish of America to see an e[illegible]op put forever to the wicked, [illegible]nd unnatural trade in slaves."—[illegible]ing at Fairfax, Va., July 18th[illegible], presided over by Washington.

"I tremble for my [illegible]ntry when I reflect that God is [illegible] His justice cannot sleep forev[illegible]—[Jefferson's Notes on Slavery in [illegible]ginia, 1782.

"The King of G[illegible] Britain has waged cruel war a[illegible]st human nature itself, violating [illegible] most sacred rights of life and li[illegible]y, in the persons of a distant p[illegible] who never offended him, captiv[illegible] them and carrying them into slavery in another hemisphere, or to [illegible]neur miserable death in their transportation hither."—[Jefferson's Original Draft of the Declaration of Independence.

"After the year 1800 of the Christian Era, there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in any of the States," (all of the Territories then belonging to the United States)—[Jefferson's Ordinance of 1687, unanimously approved by Congress and signed by Washington.

"We have seen the mere distinction of color made in the most enlightened period of time, a ground of the most oppressive dominion ever exercised by man over man."—[James Madison.

"We have found that this evil has preyed upon the very vitals of the Union, and has been prejudicial to all the States in which it has existed."—[James Monroe.

"The tariff was only the pretext, and a disunion and a Southern Confederacy the real object. The next pretext will be the negro or slavery question."—[Andrew Jackson, May, 1833.

"Sir, I envy neither the heart nor the head of that man from the North who rises here to defend Slavery on principle."—[John Randolph, of Roanoke, Va.

"The people of Carolina form two classes, the rich and the poor. The poor very poor; the [illegible] slaves to do all their work [illegible] ment. The little w[illegible] in brandy, not in [illegible] hence the dissensions of our country, of the dangers which threaten it, therefore they care nothing about it."—[General Francis Marion to Baron D. Kalb.

"So long as God allows the vital current to flow through my veins, I will never, never, by word or thought, by mind or will, aid in admitting one rood of free territory to the everlasting curse of human bondage."—Henry Clay.

Alluding to the time the above sentiment was uttered, Thomas H. Benton says: "That was a proud day. I could have wished that I had spoken the same words; I speak them now, telling you they are his, and adopting them as my own."

Brownlow in the Shade.

W. G. Grier, a Kentucky Unionist and member of the State Senate, after suffering various indignities and having his store and dwelling burned by Morgan's guerrillas, says:

"I will purchase a Ballard Rifle and return to the vicinity of my family, hide in the woods and caves, and pick off every "butternut" I see, until I can get my family away to some place of security, and then—and then I will not make peace with them. Why is all this persecution of me? It is because I condemned this wicked rebellion, urged a vigorous prosecution of this war, and in my place in the Senate of Kentucky opposed this temporizing policy of my own? For this I am turned out and hunted out of Kentucky. I am now unequivocally for confiscation, subjugation, extermination and hell and damnation.

☞ In an interior town in old Connecticut lives an odd character named Ben Hayden. Ben has some good points, but he will run his face when and where he can, and never pay. In the same town lives Mr. Jacob Bond, who keeps the store at the corners.—Ben had a score there, but to get his pay was more than Mr. B. was equal to. One day Ben made his appearance with a bag and wheelbarrow.

"Mr. Bond, I want to buy two bushels of corn and I want to pay you cash for it."

"Very well," says B. And so they both go up stairs, and B. puts up the corn, and Ben takes it down, while B. stops to close up his windows. When he got down he saw old Ben some distance from the door, making for home.

"Hallo, Ben! You said you wanted to pay the cash for that corn."

Old Ben sat down on one handle of his barrow, and cocking his head on one side, said:

"That's all true, Mr. B I do want to pay you the cash for the corn, but I can't."

LIES ABOUT LABOR.

The most common and, at the same time, the weakest argument against the Abolition of Slavery, is that "negroes will fill the North, reduce the price of labor, and impoverish the country." Of course, the *sequitur* of this is, that no Irishman will then be able to secure a day's work at any price. We might say something, and that, too, with a just severity, of the wickedness of this attempt, in a republican country, to array class against class, and to intensify existing prejudices which can only ripen into disorder and social distress. The public speaker who resorts to such vulgar appeals not only damages society, he insults the common sense of his audience and is a demagogue who invents injuries and stimulates absurd and cowardly apprehensions. He seeks by untimely suggestions to make sure the ill which he foretells; and leads all shrewd men to suspect that he is amorous of the very mischief which he hypocritically deprecates.

No man who will take the trouble to consider a little will be misled by this cheap balderdash. In the place it may, we think, be reasonably assumed that the Abolition of Slavery will not take a single acre of land out of the country; secondly, that after Emancipation the lands of the present Slave States will continue to be cultivated; thirdly that Emancipation with not so change our human constitution as to render victuals and clothes unnecessary; and, fourthly, that, Slaves or no Slaves, commerce, excepting only the execrable commerce in human flesh, will continue. Given the land, we have the cultivation—given cultivation, we have the demand for labor, and given the demand for labor, who in the name of common sense expects a stampede of negroes to the North as an effect of their liberation? Did ever such an utterly absurd crotchet enter the human head before? Who understannds the culture of cotton? The negro!—Who is skilled in the production of tobacco? The negro! Who is dextrous in raising sugar and rice? The negro! With whom does the climate requsite for the production of these staples best agree? The negro!—Who then, will in any event be employed in the production of cotton, tobacco, rice and sugar? Why, the negro, to be sure! Some people seem to take it for granted, that when Slavery shall be abolished all the rich lands of the South will be left fallow for a country or so—the world, meanwhile, getting along as well as it can without cotton and tobacco. What [illegible] any apprehension! The out[illegible] has no [illegible] to exist with[illegible] have no fear of any such tumble back to primeval rudeness and simplicity—not we! Timid folk said in England, that if Slavery in the West Indies should be abolished, there would be an end to[illegible]. Cowper put the fear into a sarcastic line:

"What shall we do without sugar and rum?"

Yet what Englishman, because he is bereaved of his punch, curses the memory of Wilberforce? We have great faith in the ability of man to produce that which is needful for his existence and comfort. Capital and commerce take no denials. Backed by the necessities of mankind, they are inexorable and what they call for, the world must furnish. Nor will the abolition of Slavery have the slightest effect upon the thermometer. Ever since we can remember, we have heard the apologists of Slavery droning the same old tune, the purport of which was that the Southern climate is too hot for white laborers! Shade of Copernicus! Will the abolition of Slavery disarrange the solar system, and refrigerate the torrid zone? If Carolina and Georgia are to be cooled down to the point of Caucasian comfort, there will, of course, be such a meteorological change that cotton will stop growing in those blasted localities! But given the old climate, why not assume that, in all probability, you will have the same supply of labor? Is it rational to suppose that the black agriculturist will rush from the States where he is wanted to the States where he is not wanted—from a climate which he likes to a climate which he detests—from a business which he well understands to mere pauperism and starvation—from the scenes of his nativity and the graves of his ancestors to localities which have for him no bitterness and no attachments?

If our territory were limited, as that of Great Britain is, and if we were suffering, as Great Britain is, from an over-population so excessive as to have become a puzzling economical problem, we might anticipate something like this jostling and shouldering of conflicting classes. But, good heavens! to think of the millions upon millions of acres within our borders which have been patiently waiting for centuries the spade and the plow-share and the dropping seed—which have been reserved in the providence of God for the increasing multitude of his children—which are surely destined to become the sources of incalculable wealth and the support of unnumbered millions—to think of all this bountiful provision, and then of men so jealous and cautious and pitiably prudent as to fear that this broad continent will not be broad enough alike for the White and the Black, the American, the Irishman, the German, the African! It is too contemptible a selfishness for shipwrecked mariners dividing their last biscuit!—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Heartrending Scenes.

Who shall describe, with "thoughts that breathe and words that burn," in language that shall compress a volume into a sentence, a sentence into a word, the agony of mind and body, which is the hourly doom of the hundreds in our hospitals? Aged men and tender boys suffer alike. One youth, the very picture of manhood's budding beauty, has lost a foot or a leg, and limps upon his crutch. Another, with bandaged breast and brow, remembers the fatal bravery which inspired him on the battle-field, and weeps involuntarily, as he never wept before, at the sweet thought of home and mother. One touching incident we hear of—one that will draw tears to every eye, and thrill each bosom with a pang. Several charitable ladies lately visited one of the military hospitals. Every refreshment that could be furnished they supplied. Ice-cream was handed round, and the poor invalids eagerly partook of it. In one corner of the room, however, the spoon and saucer had not been touched. On the bed, by the little table containing them, lay a young boy, his features pale, his eyelids drooping. A lady gently fanning his fair forehead, softly whispered, "the poor fellow is asleep, we must not disturb him."

"No, ma'am, I'm not asleep," he answered. It was a silvery voice, full of the sweetness of innocence and boyhood.

"Well, my little fellow," continued the lady, as she drew nearer, "are you not fond of ice cream?"

"Very much so," he replied.

"Didn't you see me place this on your little table?" reaching for the plate of cream.

"Oh, yes," he answered, tremulously, "but I shut my eyes and cried to myself."

"Cried, my child? why, what made you cry, my dear?"

"Oh, ma'am! if you will pull the quilt down a little you will see."

The lady did see, and found that he had no arms! Both of them he had lost in battle.

Poor little fellow! the sympathy of silence and tears was all that could be bestowed upon his wounded spirit—the remembrance of sister and brother, of father and mother, of childish frolics and playmates loved of yore, was awakened to soothe the fancy of the little sufferer, and to wreath his brow with the still tenderer beauty of resignation to the will of God.

[illegible] incurring a [illegible] Lieuten[illegible] Francisco, thought that he saw a person with whom he wished to speak, a few seats in front of him, and in order to attract his attention, he requested a gentleman who sat in front, to reach over and punch him with his umbrella. Upon the person looking around he saw that he was a stranger, and Phœnix directed his attention to the play, leaving the puncher and the punchee, to settle it as best they could. The punchee requested an explanation of the puncher, whereupon he turned to Phœnix, and said:

"Sir, didn't you request me to punch that man?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, what did you want?"

"O, nothing, only I had a curiosity to see if you'd do it."

GOV. CURTIN'S COUNTERMAND.—When the great excitement in Pennsylvania in the apprehended invasion by the rebels, everybody shouldered arms and was ready to rush into the battle-field. When the enthusiasm was at its height, Gen. M'Clellan had driven the enemy off, and Gov. Curtin recalled the troops. A young man who was deeply imbued with the spirit of patriotism and religion was describing his own feelings during this period. He was slow in coming to his decision; he said, "I sought the direction of Heaven, and I heard a voice saying unto me, 'Go,' and I was on the point of going, when Gov. Curtin *countermanded the order!*"

☞ A Greek maid being asked what fortune she would bring her husband, replied, "I will bring him what gold cannot purchase—a heart unspotted, and virtue without a stain, which is all that descended to me from my parents."

☞ Mr. Joseph Miller mentions an Irishman who enlisted in the Seventy-fifth regiment, so as to be near his brother, who was in the Seventy-fourth.

☞ The "green-backs" of the United States have been counterfeited in England, the documents being intended for circulation in this country. The counterfeiters have been arrested at the request of Minister Adams.

☞ "Prevention is better than cure," as the pig said when it ran away with all its might to escape the killing attentions of the butcher.

☞ If you want your neighbors to know "who you are," give a party and don't invite the folks "how live next door."

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

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Marriages and Deaths, Notices, Petitions, and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Claims of Deceased Soldiers.

Adjutant General Thomas has issued a circular which will be of much interest to the friends of deceased soldiers. It is as follows.

Numerous applications are addressed to this office relative to the services of deceased officers and soldiers. Fraudulent claims have been facilitated by the information obtained and procured from the public offices, and to guard against such impositions and secure the rights of discharged soldiers, or heirs of deceased soldiers, no information as to the discharge or death of deceased officers and soldiers will be furnished except to those who shall show themselves entitled to it. Hence, in applications for information, where it can be used as a basis of claim, against the Government, to the prejudice of innocent persons, the following conditions must be complied with:

1. The identity of the soldier must be proved.

2. Heirs or representatives must show they are such. In those cases the proof may be by affidavits from creditable and disinterested persons, certified to be such by the acting Justice or Notary, whose official character should also be made to appear.

3. Where an agent acts he must produce his authority in each individual case, coupled with proof of that of the party who empowers him, in the manner above indicated.

4. When the object is to obtain pay or allowance, the application must be made to the officer of the Government under whose direction payment would be made. When this officer is satisfied of the right of the claimant, he will call on the Adjutant General for any information necessary to perfect the claim which, if found on the records, will be furnished him, but not to the party concerned. Where the affidavit or other evidence proceeds from a foreign country, the official character of the magistrate or acting officer before who they are taken must be verified by a Minister or Consul of the United States, resident in the country where such testimony originates, the verification to be, in all cases under the hand and official seal of such Minister or Consul.

5. Applications for certificates, under the seal of the War Department, to be used in foreign countries, will only be entertained when coming from the highest representatives of the country, through the Department of State. All the facts connected with the subject of inquiry should be communicated, particularly full name, rank, regiment, and company of the soldier, when and where he was last heard from, and the names of the [illegible]

☞ Two friends meeting, one remarked, "I have just met a man who told me I looked like you."

"Tell me who it was, that I may knock him down," replied his friend.

"Don't trouble yourself," said he; "I did that myself immediately."

☞ A man should know when to laugh or smile in company. It shows much more stupidity to be grave at a good thing, than to be merry at a bad one.

☞ There is a dwarf elephant imported from Malacca, and attached to a menagerie now in England, that is twenty years old, perfectly proportioned, and only thirty inches in height.

☞ We read that in the rebel Congress Mr. *Semmes* presented a bill, and Mr. *Foote* walked into General Huger.

☞ Boston is divided into two classes: those who go ahead and do something; and those who sit still and inquire—"Why wasn't it done the other way?"

☞ The welsh paper of Utica, *Yr Amserau*, designates General McClellan as a "Prif Gadfridog." We hope this is not an abusive term, but it looks so—very.

☞ The difference between a fish and the husband of a vixen, is that one lives always in cold water, and the other in hot.

☞ When may a man be said to be "dressed in borrowed plumes?" When he is tarred and feathered.

☞ Why is the man who beats his wife like a thorough bred animal?—Because he is a perfect brute.

☞ Why is a man in a rage like a hard-baked loaf? Because he is crusty.

☞ Philosophers tell us that Nature never errs. They certainly cannot mean human nature.

☞ The nightcap could be the cap of liberty—if it were not for curtain lectures.

☞ What is the greatest curiosity in the world? A woman's.

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BEAVER, PENN'A.

Wednesday, Nov. 12th, 1862.

T. C. Nicholson, - - - Editor

S. M. Pentengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., & 6 State st., Boston, are our Agents for the ARGUS in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

☞It is intimated by the *Star*, of last week, that we burglariously entered its office and stole therefrom "a piece of manuscript." In reply, we will only say that we have not been in that office for quite a while before the communication referred to must have been written, and not more than three or four times for six or seven years. Never in the night time nor any other time did we, forcibly, or with a feloneous intent, take any manuscript from the office.

PASSED THROUGH.—The Anderson Troop, numbering nine hundred men, passed through here on Sunday morning last, en route for Kentucky, to join Rosecrans. This troop was recruited in Pennsylvania, for special service in the South-west. They are as fine a body of men as ever left the Old Keystone. Their arms and equipments are superior to any in the service. Among its members are Messrs. E. Allison and Sam'l T. Hamilton, of this place, and Wm. Stewart, of New Brighton. We have no doubt but that our boys will give a good account of themselves. Success to them.

Court Proceedings.

The November Term of Court commenced on Monday, Judge Agnew presiding. The following are the cases disposed of, up to the hour of going to press:

Com. vs. Eli F. Sheets and John Fosnaught. Indictment, Murder.—Motion for a new trial in the case of Eli F. Sheets, and a new trial refused. The other defendant, John Fosnaught, discharged from his recognizance.

Same vs. John Wiley. Indictment, False Pretence. Motion for a new trial overruled.

Same vs. George Poe. Indictment, Assault and Battery (two cases). The Court permit these cases to be settled on payment of costs by defendant.

Same vs Wm. Lockhart. Indictment, Assault and Battery. Nolle prosequi entered on payment of costs by defendant.

Same vs. Moses Doak et. al. Indictement, Assault and Battery. Nolle prosequi entered in this case on payment of costs by defendant.

Same vs. ~~Matthias Huss~~ and Lawrence Auss. Assault on a Constable. ~~Nol pros entered~~ in this case on payment of costs by defendants.

Same vs. George Brown. Indictment, Assault and Battery. Continued to March Term.

Same vs. John S. Shepler. Indictment, Assault and Battery, on oath of prosecutor, Jos. Allen. (On trial.)

The Court appointed John B. Mahen Constable of Darlington tp., in room of Jos. Dilworth, dec'd.

Democratic Mass Meeting at New Castle.

Mr. Taylor was called for, when he arose and made an apology for appearing, as he had been defeated by a party who had objected to him on account of his intelligence.—*Law. Journal.*

How is this, Mr. *Journal*? We had thought that Mr. Taylor was defeated for want of a *few thousand more votes.* The speech of our friend is rich; and after it is read by the people, we think he will never be defeated on the ground of "*intelligence.*"—He says that there is not much hope for the country now. We presume he infers this from the fact that the voters of this district did not appreciate his "*intelligence.*" We hope the wheels of government may be allowed to move on, notwithstanding the defeat of our "*talyented*" friend.

☞Col. M. S. QUAY, of the 134th Regiment P. V., who has been home for a few weeks, on account of ill health, has so far recovered as to be able to start for Harrisburg on Friday. He is, as yet, far from being fit for service in the field, and we presume he will not be able to join his regiment for some time come.

The Governor, and others at Harrisburg, are very anxious that he he should remain at Harrisburg in the position he occupied previous to entering the army, on account of his rare business qualification. The place is an important one, and of very great trust, and can be filled by but few persons. We hope he will consent to remain there, as he is not physically fitted for camp duty. This is the second time Mr. Quay has shown his willingness to serve his country in the field, and each time has he been compelled to leave his command, owing to sickness.

The Causes of Defeat.

In the last number of the *Star* there is one of those silly, vapid articles which have lately become so common with the editor of that paper, and which is conclusive evidence that the writer is acting a part and does not express his real sentiments. His article is headed "The Cause of Defeat," and commences by saying that "The favorite with the more bigoted portion of the press is, that the Republicans have lost their majority by going to the war while Democrats have staid at home to vote." He then attempts to avoid this by stating an absurd falsehood, which any one who was not blinded by prejudice would easily have discovered, viz: "that after all their raking and scraping for an army vote they have been unable to obtain the suffrage of more than one man in every ten of the volunteers." Now, the true facts of the case are these: Every company and every regiment, so far as this county is concerned, where an election was held, the Union majority was overwhelming. In regard to those that did not vote we must just here state that it resulted from one of two causes: Either the tickets and election papers did not reach the soldiers, or the officers were unwilling to hold the election after the decision of the Supreme Court. The fact is, a large portion of the army is for us, and the editor of the *Star* knows this full well.

In regard to the Emancipation Proclamation, there is no doubt that great use was made of it by such pious hypocrites as the editor of the *Star*, who, while professing to follow the doctrines and teachings of Christ, uphold and sustain the damnable and unholy system of Slavery to our injury.—Thousands of simple-minded voters were influenced to cast their votes in favor of the Democratic nominees because of the Proclamation of President Lincoln. The reason, says the *Star*, referring to the effect of the Proclamation, is entitled to some force. This is about the only truth in the whole article, and more shame to the editors of Democratic sheets that it is true. "Oh, shame, where is thy blush?" To think that a man professing to be a Democratic politician, a friend to humanity, a christian, a member of the church whose founder declared slavery to be "the sum of all villainies,"—that such a man should wilfully, deliberately, maliciously pervert the grand principle contained in that Proclamation to the overthrow of the party that was endeavoring to carry out the greatest reformation since the days of Martin Luther; and further, that having had the innate wickedness to lend himself to such a monstrous scheme of fraud and ill acknowledge the same. Surely no country, no age of the world, can exhibit such a spectacle of moral depravity as is here blazoned forth by the weak-kneed editor of the Star.—Was it not enough that he should lend himself to the election of such men as Lazear, Slenker and Barr? Was it not more than ever *Diabolus* would have demanded that he should exult with joy over the election of such miscreants as Ben and Fernando Wood, and go into raptures at the success of Seymour. Certainly our Democratic editor has been performing work of supererogation; these last would, of themselves, earned for him an eternity of infamy; but no, to this he must add the business of endeavoring to use the freedom of the blacks against us. Miserable creature, that you thus call to your aid the worst prejudices of the worst part of human nature, while professing to be a Democrat. How have you polluted and profaned the name. Oh, Democracy! Democracy! how hast thou fallen! Why, even the Southern Slaveholder, who employs bloodhouds to track the panting fugitive, would recoil from this with horror. Hypocrisy is, at least, not one of his faults.

The last reason which our sapient editor alleges, is one which more than anything else is to be charged to men of his own party. The mismanagement of the war is made a charge.—Now, this mismanagement must be charged to the account of the Generals, nearly all of whom are of the same politics as the editor himself.—The charge of extravagance and corruption of present officials, falls with peculiar severity upon the heads of such men as Patterson, Buch, Miles, Stone, M'Dowell, and other Democrats whom the Administration has kept in power, contrary to all expectation.—As to the other word which the editor has to say. What we charge before the election we charge after. Altho' the majority of the voters who supported the Democracy in the late election are honest, but deceived men, yet we deliberately assert, and are prepared to maintain, that many of the leaders and editors who engineered the movement were, and still are, traitors of such deep and damning hue, that in comparison, Benedict Arnold whitens, and Judas Iscariot would confess himself overmatched. We are not to be deterred from proclaiming the truth at any time by the threats of the editor or his associates, but will continue, without fear, favor or affection, to oppose the wrong and uphold the right. We were, in a degree, defeated at the last election, by falsehood and misrepresentation, and our enemies are "glorying in their shame." Let them remember, however, that we are not dead, but will soon arise again mightier than ever.

"Freedom's battle once begun,
Bequeathed from bleeding son to son,
Though baffled oft, is ever won."

How They are Known.

An exchange suggests an easy and certain test by which to determine whether a paper is disloyal. Whenever you open one and find it filled up with abuse of "abolitionists" and whimperings over the arrest and imprisonment of disloyal persons, you may be sure its sympathies are all with the rebels. You need not pause to inquire what its editor *professes.*—The indications above stated point towards disloyalty as the needle does towards the pole. By "abolitionists" these men mean the President and all who support him in his efforts to defeat the schemes of the traitors, and to perpetuate the Union and our free institutions. If this object be honorable and praiseworthy as patriotic men believe, no man who has the least love for truth, liberty or country, can have cause to denounce it, or those who are engaged in the attempt to secure it. A patriotic man cannot possibly do it. A loyal press cannot do it.—Differences of opinion among friends are not likely to lead to opprobrios and hateful censures and denunciations. This is not a time in which loyal men can afford to dvide. They are united. Those who don't like such abolitionists as the President and all who stand firmly and faithfully by him, *do* like the rebels and their treason.

THE editor of the Lawrence *Journal* seems to be greatly exercised over our exposure of the *rascally* way in which the election was carried in Greene County. Why Mr. Editor you should not fly in a *rage* at us for simply publishing the *truth* because we do not agree with you politically. If you can, for a moment, throw aside your *political prejudices* from your *intelligence* you must acknowledge that all those *"vile, contemtible* and *dishonorable tricks" practiced* by the *Lazarites* were *terribly* and *criminally* wrong. Come up like a man and admit the fact and we will forgive your *little thrust* at us.—Although you are a *Democrat* be fair and honest. You probably would have the election is over, the corrupt means resorted to to accomplish the object. It is not right.

Friend Keuster, we entreat you to be truthful for once. Make an honest confession and you will receive full credit.

☞The following has been handed us, by a member of the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society, for publication:

HEADQUARTER'S PENN'A MILITIA
Quartermaster's General's Office,
Harrisburg, Nov. 5th, '62.

Mrs. Julia S. Blaine: The two boxes you mentioned in your letter of the 3d inst., have been forwarded to-day to Col. Roberts

Very Respectfully,
R. C. HALE,
Quartermaster Gen'l. Penn'a. Militia

In explanation, we would say, that the two boxes referred to were sent to Harrisburg by the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society of this vicinity; but a request having come from Col. Roberts for some supplies for hospital use, they were forwarded to his Regiment by directions of the Society.

☞Joseph C. Hays, Esq., editor of the Meadville *Journal*, and late Postmaster of that place, has been honorably acquitted in the U. S. District Court on a charge of opening a letter belonging to S. N. Pettis, Esq. The Pittsburg Dispatch says the Jury not only rendered a verdict of acquittal, but unanimously recommended that the President of the United States should reinstate Mr. Hays as Postmaster at Meadville.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, SALEM, Va., Nov. 8, noon, *via Gainesville.*—The order relieving Gen. M'Clellan from the command of the Army of the Potomac was received at Headquapters at eleven o'clock last night. It was entirely unexpected and to all a surprise. On its receipt the command was immediately turned over to Gen Burnside.

Gen. M'Clellan and his staff will leave to-morrow for Trenton, where he is ordered to report. The order was delivered to him by Gen. Buckingham, in person.

The last official act of the late Commander of the Army of the Potomac was the issuing of an address to the troops of a few words, informing them that the command devolved on Gen. Burnside and taking leave of them.

There is no other news worthy of mention, excepting that the army is in motion.

PARKTON STATION, Md., Nov. 1st.
Camp 140th Reg't. P. V.

EDITOR OF BEAVER ARGUS.—*Sir:*—The following paper containing the action of a meeting of the members of company H, while it is justly due to the merit of the late Capt. T. N. Boyle, that he should be placed in a fair and honorable position before the public, you will at the same time comply with the wishes of his company by publishing in your paper the action of the said company in the premises.

Wheress, owing to circumstances over which we have no control, it is rendered necessary that our worthy officer in command resign his present position and leave us; it is

Resolved, That we the members of said company the present a suitable time for testifying to the general worth and high moral character of our said Captain, and our deep regret at his so premature removal from us and his said command.

Resolved, further, That we not only appreciate his great moral worth, as a christian gentleman, since he came amongst us, but we have every confidence in the bravery and military capacity of our Captain as a military leader.

Resolved, That we extend to Capt. Thomas N. Boyle, who has been compelled by failing health to resign his command over us, our warmest sympathies and kindest regards as well as our earnest wish and prayer for his future success in life and speedy restoration to health and usefulness in whatever position in life he is called to occupy.

SAM'L. S. KERR, Ch'n.
SAM'L. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
(Washington Co. papers please copy.)

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10, 1862.

The *Press* of this morning contains an official letter from Gen. Halleck to the Secretary of war, which throws some light on General Mc'Clellan's removal from the command of the Army of the Potomac. In this letter he says, among other things, that "soon after the battle of Antietam, Gen. M'Clellan was urged to give me information of his intended movements, in order that if he moved between the enemy and Washington, the reinforcements could be sent from this place. On the 1st of October, finding that he purposed to operate from Harper's Ferry, I urged him to cross the river at once, and give battle to the enemy, pointing out to him the disadvantages of delaying till the autumn rains had swollen the Potomac and impaired the roads.

"On the 6th of Oct. he was peremptorily ordered to cross the Potomac, and give battle to the enemy or drive him South. I said to him: 'Your army must move now while the roads are in good condition.' It will be observed that three weeks have elapsed since that order was given. In my opinion there has been no such want of supplies in the army under Gen. McClellan as to prevent his compliance with my orders to advance upon the enemy. Had he moved his army to the south side of the Potomac, he could have kept his supplies alternative on the north side, maining inac-

General Ambrose E. Burnside.

This gentleman, who now fills the important place just vacated by Gen. M'CLELLAN, is a native of Union county, Indiana; was born in 1824, and is now in his 39th year. In 1843 he entered West Point Military Academy, and graduated in 1847, with the rank of Second Lieutenant in the 2d Artillery. He immediately joined that regiment in Mexico, but not until near the termination of that war. He was subsequently promoted to the rank of First Lieutenant; but in 1853 he retired to the walks of private life, and held an important position on the Illinois Central Railroad.

Subsequently he removed to Providence, R. I., where, upon the breaking out of the present war, he raised the first Rhode Island regiment, which rendered such efficient service during three months' campaign, and fought with honor at Bull Run

General Burnside is one of the finest looking men in the service, of good stature—about 5 feet 11—erect and vigorous in his movements. His address is easy and gentlemanly, as much so to the common soldier as to his equals in ranks.

His vigorous course in North Carolina, and his uniform success in the important expedition he led in that State, in the face of appalling difficulties, are guarantees that he will not disappoint the hopes of the country in the high and responsible position he now occupies.

THE DRAFTED MILITIA.—The difficulty existing in regard to the disposal of the drafted men, whether they shall be allowed to maintain their own organization, or whether they be taken individully and scattered through out the regiments already in the field, is one which is now exciting much attention. The law which calls these men into service, expressly yields to them the choice of officers, and the power of company and regimental organizations. An important order in reference to the subject has been promulgated from the War Department. In the "order," it is stated that, "in cases where regiments require one or more companies to complete them, organized companies may be taken; also, as far as practicable, regiments will be filled with men taken from the sections of country in which they were originally raised."

It is officially stated that Gen. McClellan has requested that the drafted men be served for the protection of the borders of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and also for the occupation of the forts in the vicinity of Washington city, while the men now in occupancy of such forts be moved forward for active operations with the army.—*Phil. Press.*

WARRENTON, Nov. 7. 4 P. M.—General Reynolds' corps is in undisturbed possession here. The place is occupied by Col. Payne, with 400 cavalry and two howitzers. Gen. Longstreet's corps had occupied Culpepper Court House for several days. He left that town on last Saturday, and it was generally reported that he would encamp on the hill south of it. Gen. A. P. Hill's command arrived there on Thursday.

Reliable citizens confirm the general belief that Lee has succeeded in eluding M'Clellan, and that the main portion of his army is at Gordonsville. Gen. A. P. Hill's command and Stuart's cavalry formed the rear guard. The former was at Chester Gap, and Pleasanton pushed the latter to Flint Hill.

Our troops found two hundred and seventy wounded rebels in the hospital here.

Great distress prevails among the citizens hereabouts for the necessaries of life. All the stores have exhausted their supplies, and are closed. The cars are expected here to-morrow.

The snow storm continued till late this afternoon.

Gen. Bayard to-day captured Lieut. Col. Blunt, of Longstreet's staff.—Blunt is Provost General in the rebel army, and was inspecting his pickets when captured.

Leading secessionists in this town prophesy that a great battle will take place in this vicinity in a few days.—They say Jackson is only ten miles off with 70,000 men, and Bragg moving from Gordonsville in great force, and also say there is little doubt that Jackson is threatening to attack our forces at Waterloo.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 8.—About eighty rebel prisoners arrived from Lebanon, Ky., to night, including a son of Humphrey Marshall, who violated his parole and joined the rebels.

The *Democrat's* Bowling Green correspondent this morning writes that an escaped prisoner, who left Murfreesboro on Wednesday, reports that Generals Polk and Breckenridge with twenty-five thousand men and artillery, attacked the south side of Nashville on Friday morning, while John Morgan appeared on the north side with three thousand men, crossed at the ford and attempted to destroy the bridge, but was repulsed. The result of Polk's attack is unknown.

M'Cook's corps comprising of Sill's, Woodruff's and Sheridan's divisions, reached Nashville on Friday. Crittenden's corps arrived at Gallatin on Friday and was moving down.

Cheatham, with a portion of Bragg's army, was at Murfreesboro. The remainder of Bragg's army, except fifteen thousand left at Cumberland Gap, was pushing towards Nashville. Bragg had been arrested and superceded by Joe Johnson, for his disastrous campaign in Kentucky.

No notice had been received at Murfreesboro which had been in constant telegraphic communication with Mobile, of the capture of the latter city; fifteen thousand rebel troops are at Mobile.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, WARRENTON, Sunday.—Gen. Pleasanton yesterday in a skirmish captured three pieces of artillery, also a Captain Lieutentant and five privates. No loss has been reported.

Gen. Bayard yesterday occupied and now holds the railroad bridge across the Rappahannock. The bridge is not injured. The bridge across Broad run has been destroyed.

There is nothing new up to this writing from the front, at the Rappahannock. Weather clear and cold.

Missouri Election.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.—Blair's majority in the First Congressional district, leaving out the soldiers' vote, is 457. Returns from the army will probably increase it to one thousand. Information from the Fifth district states the Representatives vote between Geo Thos. L. Price and McClung is close, with the chances in favor of the latter. Gen. Loan, Union Emancipationist, is undoubtedly elected in the Seventh district. Wm. A Hall is elected in the Eight district by some four hundred majority. J. S. Rollins is elected from the Ninth district by a small majority. Returns from the State are yet meagre, but it is safe to assume that a majority of the members of the Legislature elected are for emancipation.

Illinois Election.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—The Democrats have carried the State by from 15,000 to 20,000 majority, and elected probably nine members of Congress. The Republicans have elected five members. The Democrats have elected two-thirds of the members of the house in the State Legislature and will have a majority of one or two in the Senate.

Michigan Election.

DETROIT, Nov. 8.—Baldwin, Democrat is elected in the Fifth Congressional District. The Sixth District is in doubt.

The Michigan Legislature will stand thus: Senate, seventeen Republicans, fifteen Democrats. House: fifty-eight Republicans, forty-two Democrats.

Minnesota Election.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The St. Paul *Press* says that Donnelly, Republican, in the First District, is elected to Congress by 1000 maj. In the Second District, Windam, Republican is also elected. The Republicans have a majority in the State of 2000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—A letter from Gibraltar dated 10th ult., states that the second mate, Hestor, of the pirate Sumter, shot Capt. Andrews on the 15th. The pirate craft has been taken possession of by the British, and her crew imprisoned on a man-of-war. Hestor will probably be hung.

A Slaveholder on Slavery.

At Cooper Institute, New York, on Saturday evening, the Rev. Mr. Carter, of East Tennessee, in the course of his remarks, said:

I never had any hesitation in saying, at home as well as here, that I regard the Union of these States as of infinitely more value than all the negroes in America, and Africa, and Europe Therefore, I have uniformly said, that if in the progress of this war it should become absolutely necessary (understand me) in order to save this Government that slavery should die, in the name of my insulted country, let it perish. I say, like a law abiding citizen, I leave that to the authorities of this Government.—Better, far better, that that Institution and all our commerce, and all these vast cities perish in one common ruin, than that the flag of our country cease to float in triumph from the lakes to the gulf, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean. Better far better, that every house in the land be filled with mourning than that this Government of our fathers should die in our day. But though I am a slaveholder, did you suppose in looking at me—did you do me the great injustice to believe I loved a woolly head more than a father's hands? Did you suppose that when yonder mother gave her son a sacrifice to her country, that I could not sacrifice the work of my negroes to save my country? Why, I had rather give them all away than to have lost for fifteen months the blessings of a wife's smiles and a child's caresses. And yet not only have I suffered this for fifteen long months, not only have I stood month after month upon Cumberland Mountain looking toward my native hills in the distance, but I am willing to abide my exile for five long years, for life itself, rather than bow to treason.

Death of Gen. Jameson.

Another brave an efficient volunteer General has been added to the rapidly increasing list of our fallen heroes. Brig. Gen. Charles D. Jameson died at his residence, Oldtown, Maine, on the morning of the 6th inst., at the arly age of 35 years.—He entered the service of the United States at the commencement of the present war, as Colonel of the 2d Regiment of Maine Volunters. At the head of this regiment he evinced, at the first battle of Bull Run, those soldierly qualities which stamped him as a military man, by instinct or genius, if not by education. For gallant and meritorious conduct in this battle he was appoint Brigadier General of Volunteers, and assigned to the command of a brigade in the division of the Grim Old Hellitzelman. With this brigade he was one of the first to enter Yorktown on the 4th of May last. He also participated in most of the engagements on the Peninsula prior to the 1st of June, when he was stricken down by that deadly known as "camp fever." He was of course invalided and sent home; but, notwithstanding change of air and careful treatment, he departed this life as above recorded. Gen. Jameson was a man of fine personal appearance, a true and gallant lover of his country. His death causes a void in the roll of gallant officers, which it will be difficult to fill.

BUCHANAN FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.—The movement to make ex-President Buchanan the next United States Senator from Pennsylvania is most ridiculous and imprudent. The imbecility of Buchanan involved us in the war. Had he but possessed as much courage in his whole body as General Jackson had in one hair of his head, he would have taken the advice of General Scott, and served the South Carolina secessionists as Jackson served the nullifiers, and we should have had no further trouble.—Buchanan is unfit for any office of responsibility and trust, and especially for so honorable an office as that of a Senator of the United States. We would sooner see old Simon Cameron occupy this position for Cameron, unlike the imbecile and treacherous Buchanan, has some pluck, some capacity, some frankess, and some fidelity to his friends.—*N. Y. Herald.*

A GOOD PLACE TO TAKE.—The Knoxville correspondent of the Mobile *Advertiser and Register*, under date of the 25th ult., says of the Ordnance Department in Knoxville:

I visited yesterday the foundry, armory, magazine, workshops, and warehouses of the Ordnance Department here, and was astonished to find them so extensive. This department is one of the most important in the service, and requires great military knowledge and experience in its administration. The department at this point has fitted out thousands of men with arms in all its different departments, and, has been conducted with the greatest ability by the Chief of Ordnance, Major S. H. Reynolds, who, in the discharge of his arduous duties, has won universal esteem and popularity.

HARRISBURG, November 6.—*Special Order.*—Brigadier General Andrew Porter is assigned to command in the State of Pennsylvania, and will also execute the duties of Provost Marshal General.

Brigadier Generals J. A. Palmer and E. R. S. Canby are assigned to the command of drafted men at Philadelphia and Pittsburg, respectively.

By order of the Secretary of War.
L. THOMAS, Adj't. Gen'l.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Nov. 6.—The official vote of Delaware shows that Cannon the Union candidate, is elected Governor by 111 majority.

Temple, the Democratic candidate for Congress has been elected by 23 majority.

The Legislature will be Democratic.

OBITUARY.

Died in Wessels Hospital, Suffolk, Va., on the morning of Nov. 1st, Geo. A. Hunter, of Company F, 101st Regiment Penn'a Volunteers.

Just one year ago, a young man of delicate frame and of pleasing manners entered our office in Beaver and asked to have his name enrolled in a company then being recruited there for the war. When the company was organized and taken to Camp Curtin, he went with it. His manner, so mild and unobtrusive, his conduct so noble, generous and truthful, soon gained for him not only the respect but the love of both officers and men. He was never known while connected with the company to shrink or endeavor to evade duty when able—never once violating orders or receiving or deserving a reprimand from his officers. During the entire campaign of the Peninsula he remained with the company, although suffering much from the long marches and exposure, in consequences of a delicate constitution.

At the battle of Fair Oaks he distinguished himself for his coolness and bravery. During the fearful carnage of that day, when the rebel hosts were pressing in front and rear, when the regiment had lost half its numbers, and even the boldest began to tremble for the result, the writer saw him cool and collected loading his rifle and taking aim as steadily as tho' no danger threatened. His was true bravery. He continued with the company during the retreat and went with it from the Peninsula to Suffolk, Va., where he was taken sick, and after a brief illness died. Such in brief is a history one year's service of the nobly youth whose death we announced at the beginning.

A year has passed and he has gone; a year of hardships, of exposure, of suffering and danger, such as many have realized, none can describe. His death was sudden but peaceful. He passed away in the morning of life when every thing bade him live, without a struggle. He laid up treasure in Heaven. His sufferings are ended and henceforth joy unspeakable awaits him. His warfare is ended on earth and he has entered into possession of his kingdom above. We buried him with military honors in the church yard at Suffolk. His body is in the same inclosure and near those of many of the Virginia aristocracy, whose rebellious sons he gave his life to conquer. With them he will sleep the long sleep, and with them appear at the judgment day. A short time since his intimate friend and companion, Thomas Barclay, was called home. They were worthy of each other's friendship, and that friendship broken for a short time on earth will be renewed eternally above. Both in the morning of life with bright prospects before them—both noble, brave and beloved by all.

When we marched to the grave of our departed comrade with the little band that remains of that once large and splendid company, when we remembered what they had endured and suffered, and then of the number who had already sacrificed their lives to save our country threatened with overthrow by those who once were our brethern, we felt that nothing short of entire extermination would be sufficient punishments for them. But the bloody contest of their own seeking is already working out for them greater punishments than we could have conceived of. We buried our comrade in their sacred soil, as he was wont to say, left his soul where in the hands of Him who said "Vengence is mine; I will repay."

J. S. HUTCHISON.

DESTRUCTION OF THE B. & O. R. R.—The rebels have all disappeared from the vicinity of Martinsburg.—They have done all the damage they possibly could to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad before leaving, tearing up the ties and blowing up quite a number of culverts. A train carrying four cannon now runs almost daily from Cumberland to Hancock, meeting with little or no interruption. It is now expected that the road can be put in order in about thirty days if no further interruption occur.

PROVIDENCE, R. I. Nov. 9.—A salute of one hundred guns will be fired to-morrow in honor of the appointment of Gen. Burnside to the command of the Army of the Potomac.

☞If you want Pills, take Ayer's Pills. Nothing has ever appeared in this market that can compare with this new invention for chasing out the distempers that fasten and grow upon us. They are the Philosopher's elixir of life, that bids defiance to disease, and will leave us no alternative but to die of old age.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—It is erroneous to suppose that piles are incurable; an expeditious cure will be found by using these medicaments. The pills expel the acrid matter which produces pain, while the ointment, closes the mouths of the relaxed vessels. Sold everywhere.

DIED:—In South Beaver tp., Beaver County, on the 24th ult., Mrs. NANCY WARRICK, in the 70th year of her age. The deceased was a member of the Presbyterian Church; and it is hoped that she has exchanged the toils of earth for a rest in Heaven.

Lost Dog.

LOST in Rochester, on the 21st of October, a black Shepherd Dog, with white rim around his neck, and white tip on the end of his tail; answers to the name of "Ring." Any person finding said dog will be suitably rewarded by leaving him at Johnston's Hotel, near Rochester Depot, or at the residence of the subscriber in New Sewickly tp.

nov12 JOHN GARRARD.

J. H. CUNNINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Gen. Wilson's Office.
NORTH SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,
BEAVER, PA. [ap30,62

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal of magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been, to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present the condensed and carefully made up form in which it appears, a collected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call the attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5.00; three copies, one year, $5.00; Five Copies, One Year, $8.00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15.00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $30.00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2.50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accompanied with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *unfortunate* class of patients who are laboring under mental derangement, and other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven-tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will, when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, its reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to injure the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated piece of land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring scenes; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but also the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear son, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to,

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
Beaver Co. Pa.

jan12'62.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of JOHN COURTNEY, late of the borough of Darlington, Beaver County, Penn'a, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN T. COURTNEY, Darlington.
nov12 Administrator.

Stray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Chippewa tp., about the 1st of July, a White Heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug. 21—2m. THOS. M'KINLEY.

SOAPS—Rosin, Proter & Gamble's, Gerhan, Cosmia, Palm and Fancy, at HENRY'S

600,000

MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS

TO SELL

Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick,

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a

COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP

of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Shoersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Eown. Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,

At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,

140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

Seven-Thirty Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually; which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country; and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the account of R. P. Roberts, Esq., Assignee of Thomas McKinley, for the benefit of creditors, has been exhibited and filed in my office, and that the same will be allowed by the Court on the second Monday of November next, A. D. 1862, unless cause then be shown against the confirmation

oc8. MICHAEL WEYAND, Pro'thy.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver Co.:

In the matter of the account of R. P. Roberts, Esq., assignee of Thomas McKinley, for the benefit of creditors:

And now, to wit, Sept 18, 1862, the Court grant a Rule to show cause why the Assignee should not be discharged from his trust upon confirmation of his account, and payment of any balance in his hands: and order notice to be given by publication in the Beaver Argus according to Rule.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

Attest: MICHAEL WEYAND,
oc8—3t Prothonotary.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of A. D. Gilliland, New Brighton, engaged in the business of merchandise, was duly dissolved on the 15th day of April, 1862. The Books will be settled at the store of M. Gilliland. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm, will please call and settle immediately, as the Books will be closed without delay.

A. D. GILLILAND,
M. GILLILAND,

New Brighton, May 19, 1862.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber will please call with Mr. Robert Tallon, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. Also all persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible. As it has become my duty to leave home for the purpose of serving my country, I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual, as they will find Mr. Tallon at the shoe shop and my son, James, at the tan-yard.

sep3, 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar29:1y.

Quarterly Statement

OF THE BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Aug. 6, 1862.

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$53,450 00
Notes in Circulation	4,565 00
Discount Exchange and interest	1,835 05
Due Depositors	59,918 16
Dividend unpaid	349 57
Total	$120,117 96

RESOURCES.

Notes and Bills Discounted,	$53,012 50
Loan to Commonwealth	5,000 00
U. S. Treasury Notes, (7 3-10 per ct)	4,850 00
Due from Banks	23,045 47
Notes and Checks of other Banks	19,398 92
Coin in Vault	12,366 75
Furniture and Office Fixtures	1,958 95
Current Expenses	485 97
Total	$120,117 96

BEAVER COUNTY ss: Before me, a notary public, in and for said County, came Edward Hoops, Cashier of the Bank of Beaver County, who being duly affirmed according to law, deposeth that the above statement is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 6th day of Aug, 1862. JNO. CUTHBERSON, Notary Public.

CHAS. HOOPS, Deputy

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on WEDNESDAY, 12TH OF NOVEMBER, 1862, for confirmation and allowance;

The final account (Real estate) of David M'Callister, acting Executor of the last will of Wm. M'Callister dec'd.

The final account of John Ewing, Esq., Administrator of the estate of James Whitehill, dec'd.

The final accounts (Real and Personal) of John M'Cullough Administrator of the estate of Andrew Knox, dec'd

The final accounts (Real and Personal) of Daniel Shafer, Administration of the estate of William Shafer, dec'd.

The final account of Alexander Nickle, Administrator of the estate of Jane Hoge dec'd.

The second and final account of David Grinham, surviving Executor of the last will of William Nelson, dec'd.

The partial account of Wm. Duff, Executor of the last will of John Duff, dec'd.

The final accounts (Real and Personal) of P. L. Grim, acting Administrator of Henry Small, dec'd.

The Guardian account of James Marks, Guardian of James Berry, minor son of Charles Berry, dec'd.

The Guardian account of James, Irons, Esq., Guardian of Mary J. Young, formerly Mary J. Marks, minor daughter of James Marks, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
Beaver, Oct. 8, '62 Register.

LIST OF LETTERS UNCALLED FOR, remaining in the Post Office at Rochester Pa., Sept. 30th, 1862:

Baker Miss Ann	M'Clain Preston B
Brubaker Joseph	Maloy Thomas
Bausman J B	Meany John
Bandeen Amy	Murray James
Campton Matilda	Marsh Robert
Clarke John B	May John
Carr Hart	Null Uriah
Detridge Mrs J	Paine Miss Nancy
Darrah E H	Stillwell Miss Mary
Fraser J	Seely Otis
Herron Miss Eliza	Smith Mrs Rosetta
Hamilton Miss M A	Stenger Peter
Harris Joseph	Shepherd Peter
Hall & Darragh,	Stout Palmer B
Hare Miss Maria	Tomson Garly
Houston M C L	Wray J A
Lyons Mrs J H	Willey Miss Isabella
Jackson Thomas	Wise John L
Johnston John	Warner Lotad
Johnson Miss 'Lizzie	Wilson Mrs G M
Kuhn Isaac	Wilson George
McCague Ishbella	

Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS, UNCALLED FOR, remaining in the Post office at Beaver C. H. Pa., Sept. 20th, 1862.

Arbuckle James	Marshall Hugh
Arbuckle Maggie	Maratta Theressa
Baldwin Casey	Nevin Angie
Campbell Joseph	Nelson Kate
Campbell Mary	Scott Rebecca
Channell John	Shrodes William
Elder John B	Smith R G
Eby John	Welsh Martin
Harwell Minnie	Welsh B F
Higgins Margaret	Wilson Mary E
Higgins William	

Persons calling for letters in the above List will please say they advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

☞ Office Hours: From 7 A. M. till 6 P. M.

PHOENIX

LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.

HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*

Ma7 y—3 mos.

A Rare Chance for a Good Investment,

FOR SALE,

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A COUNTRY STORE, in a good Location, with a large run of custom; situate within 13 miles of Pittsburg. Just in time for Fall and Winter Trade Stock low at present; no unsalable Goods. Terms easy. For a man of limited capital, no better chance could be offered.—Store and dwelling house for sale or rent.—Address "R. L." Allegheny City, Pa., giving real name, and stating where an interview can be held. Oct. 15.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Sprinrg and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information. Address GEO. EDW'D SEARS,
mar26. 181 William St., N. Y.

Kerr's Hotel,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.

S. KERR, Proprietor.

GOOD Crushed and Brown Sugars for sale at the Drug Store of
oc22. C. P. CUMMINS.

BEAVER DRUG STORE,

Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physicim and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps; Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET.

SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

Beaver County, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for Beaver county, before the Hon. Daniel Agnew, President, and his Associate Judges of said Court. In the matter of the petition of Archibald Johnston, Administrator of the estate of Mary Alexander, dec'd, for decree of specific performance of contract with Archibald Gilmore for the conveyance to him of certain real estate situate in Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pa.

Now, to wit: June 2d, 1862, the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Mary Alexander, dec'd, to shew cause why a decree of specific performance of contract with Archibald Gilmore for the conveyance of said real estate should not be made.

September 13th, 1862. Rule continued, and returnable on the second Monday of November next.

A true copy,

Attest: A. G. M'CREARY, Cl'k.
oc8:3.

Teachers Wanted.

THE Board of School Directors, of Independent School District of Borough Township, Beaver County Pa., desire to employ two Male and three Female teachers for the Schools of said District. Term to commence about the first of December next, and continue four months. The County Superintendent will attend at the Court House in Beaver, on THURSDAY Nov. 20th, at 10 o'clock A. M., to examine applicants, when and where all persons intending to apply for situations are requested to attend, and present there applications to the Board of Directors, who will be present.

By order of the Board.

HENRY HICS, Sec'y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of testamentary on the estate of THOMAS MOORE, late of Greene township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES NELSON, Hanover tp.
nov5. Administrator.

SCOTT HOUSE

B. D. MARKER, Prop'r,

Cor. Irwin St. & Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE "SCOTT HOUSE" is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the city, and no expense will be spared to maintain its well earned reputation. Its location, is convenient to the Bridges and Railroad stations, specially commends it to the traveling public.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on estate of Joseph M'Cready, Sr., dec'd., late of Greene tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement. JAMES M'CREADY,
oc22. Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of ANDREW GLASS, late of Ohio township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Ohio, tp.
Oct. 22 1862. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of HENRY REED, late of Hopewell Township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ELIZA REED.
THOMAS REED.
sep17 Administrators.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of GEO. BOSWELL, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN BOSWELL,
BEN'J BEDISON,
June 25, 1862. Executors.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'CONNELL & DARRAGHS, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine Business, was duly dissolved on the 3d day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Darragh & Co., at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where they will continue said business in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately. DAVID M'CONNELL,
MATTISON DARRAGH,
Fallston, je10,'62* S. H. DARRAGH.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in New Sewickley tp., Beaver co., Pa., on the 6th of October, 1862, a red cow, with a white face, about 6 years old; she had a bell on, and two or three slits in the ear; no other marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

oc22:3t. A. P. SMITH.

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monnies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of
oc22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL and Blood Renovator, the genuine article, for sale at the Drug Store of
oc22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

TIME TABLE.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, May 5, 1862.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:55 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:15 A. M.
2:05 P. M.	" "	3:25 P. M.
6:50 P. M.	" "	8:00 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:10 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:25 A. M.
4:00 P. M.	" "	6:20 P. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Fres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:30 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
2d " "	6:45 A. M.	8:40 A. M.
Alliance "	8:45 A. M.	10:40 A. M.
1st Brigh'n "	12:34 P. M.	2:10 P. M.
2d Brigh'n "	2:15 P. M.	3:25 P. M.
Mail,	2:00 P. M.	3:40 P. M.
1st Express,	12:50 A. M.	2:00 A. M.
2d Express,	6:40 P. M.	7:45 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	8:50 A. M.	10:25 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	11:50 A. M.	1:26 P. M.
Alliance "	3:00 P. M.	4:55 P. M.
1st Brigh'n "	4:30 P. M.	6:01 P. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:20 P. M.	8:00 P. M.
Mail,	7:10 A. M.	8:40 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	12:50 P. M.	2:00 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

The following appraisements, under the Act of Assembly of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300 have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Beaver County, to wit:—

Personal property to amount of $380 29, by widow of Henry Reed, late of Hopewell tp., dec'd. Eliza Reed and Thomas Reed Adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $298 55, by widow of John Torrence, dec'd. Mary Torrence, Adm'r.

The amount to $46 27 personal property elected to be retained by the widow of Michael Rambo, late of Raccoon township, deceased. Jacob Fronk, Esq., Adm'r.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested in the above, to appear at November Term, next, of said Court, and not later than Wednesday the third day of the term, being the 52th day of the month, to show cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the above appraisements.

A. G. M'CREARY, Cl'k.
Beaver, Pa., Oct. 15th 1862.

Notice

IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE M'COOK, M. D.,
Oct. 15—it. Examining Surgeon.

KOLLOCK'S

Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEHAIN.

BAKING POWDER known, for making light, Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA

And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

may26.

THE

SATURDAY MORNING POST.

The best Family Newspaper in

WESTERN PENN'A.

And the only Democratic Union Sheet in Pittsburg.

ESTABLISHED IN 1804.

It contains all the CURRENT NEWS OF THE DAY reliable, Monetary, Market and Commercial reports and a choice selection of Tales, Poetry, Literary and Scientific Articles, Valuable Statistical Information, Agricultural News, &c.;

—ALSO—

The Latest Telegraphic News.

Embracing every important Item of News, Foreign and Domestic, Congressional Intelligence, Legislative Proceedings, &c., &c.

Terms, $1. per annum for a Single Copy, or 11 Copies one year for $10.

ADDRESS JAMES P. BARR,
Editor and Proprietor.
Corner Fifth and Wood sts., Pittsburg Pa.

☞ Send your money by mail at my risk.

Estate of David Minis, Jr., M.D., Dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Wills, &c., of the county of Beaver, upon the estate of DAVID MINIS, Jr. M. D., dec'd, late of Borough tp., in said county, to the subscriber residing in the Borough of Beaver, in said county. Debtors will make payment, and creditors present their claims duly authenticated to the undersigned.

DANIEL AGNEW,
April 12. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of MICHAEL RAMBO, late of Raccoon township, Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JACOB FRONK,
sep24. Administrator.

JAS. C. GRIERSON

WHOLESALE

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Also Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED AND PRODUCE GENERALLY

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mar26.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

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HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
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Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

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Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

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Mayor of MEXICO.

DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES,
Mayor of HAVANA.

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Mayor of LIMA, PERU.

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Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,

And sold by Druggists every where.

☞ For sale by D. Minis, jr., Beaver; S. Cross, Rochester; Wagganer & Lowry, Freedom; J. Nichols, Baden; J. Sargent, New Brighton, John Black, Darlington, Duncan & Edgar, Fallston, and by dealers every where. Feb 12, '62

THE SOLDIER'S TRUE FRIEND!

ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS

at stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightly wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS

Yo cannot put into the Knapsacks of your Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable or more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH. Therefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp, DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures,

BEAVER DRUG STORE,
Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET. SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

Notice in the Orphans' Court.
Beaver County, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for Beaver county, before the Hon. Daniel Agnew, President, and his Associate Judges of said Court. In the matter of the petition of Archibald Johnston, Administrator of the estate of Mary Alexander, dec'd, for decree of specific performance of contract with Archibald Gilmore for the conveyance to him of certain real estate situate in Lequell township, Beaver county, Pa.

Now, to wit: June 2d, 1862, the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Mary Alexander, dec'd, to show cause why a decree of specific performance of contract with Archibald Gilmore for the conveyance of said real estate should not be made.

September 20th, 1862, rule continued, and returnable on the second Monday of November next.

A true copy.

Attest: A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.
oct3.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the account of R. P. Roberts, Esq., Assignee of Thomas McKinley, for the benefit of creditors, has been exhibited and filed in my office, and that the same will be allowed by the Court on the second Monday of November next, A. D. 1862, unless cause then be shown against the confirmation

oc8. MICHAEL WEYAND, Prothy.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver Co.: In the matter of the account of R. P. Roberts, Esq., assignee of Thomas McKinley, for the benefit of creditors:

And now, to wit, Sep't 18, 1862, the Court grant a Rule to show cause why the Assignee should not be discharged from his trust upon confirmation of his account, and payment of any balance in his hands; and order notice to be given by publication in the Beaver Argus according to Rule.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

Attest: MICHAEL WEYAND,
oc8—3t Prothonotary.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of A. D. Gilliland, New Brighton, engaged in the business of merchandise, was duly dissolved on the 19th day of April, 1862. The Books will be settled at the store of M. Gilliland. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm, will please call and settle immediately, as the Books will be closed without delay.

A. D. GILLILAND,
M. GILLILAND,

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber will please call with Mr. Robert Tallon, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. Also all persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible. As it has become my duty to leave home for the purpose of serving my country, I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual, as they will find Mr. Tallon at the shoe shop and my son, James, at the tan-yard.

sep2, 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

J. H. CUNNINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Gen. Wilson's Office.

NORTH SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,

BEAVER, PA. [ap30,62

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'CONNELL & CUNNINGHAM, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine Business, was duly dissolved on the 2d day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Darragh & Co., at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where they will continue said business in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately.

DAVID M'CONNELL,
MATTISON DARRAGH,
Fallston, je10, '62 S. H. DARRAGH.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Col. JOSEPH H. WILSON, late of the borough of Beaver, Beaver County, Penn'a, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GUN H. WILSON, Franklin tp.,
aug30 Administrator.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, on the evening of the 24th of April, a small Bay Mare, about 5 years old, shod all around, saddle marks, off hind heigh enlarged by a cut or bruise; no other marks perceivable. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

jun21 St JAMES K. CALHOUN.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar26:1y.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information.

Address GEO. EDW'D SEARS,
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Kerr's Hotel,
Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.

S. KERR, Proprietor.

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au22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

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Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

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No efforts spared to make the school worthy of the confidence of its patrons.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS,

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Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarn, &c., &c., constantly on hand. [aug6

JESSE JOHNSON,
General Commission Merchant
AND
Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No. 237 South 2d stree

Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments aug 28.

J. O. WILSON. S. D. M'ELROY. JAMES FINLAY

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,
54 Wood St.,
PITTSBURG.

Have now their SPRING STOCK of

DRY GOODS,

Complete. Extra inducements offered to Cash buyers. (mh19.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all forms of diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

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Terms Very Moderate. [ap

CATSUP, Pepper Sauce, Porte Monaies, P Books, Note and Letter Paper, Envelop &c., &c., at HENRY'S.

WHITE LEAD, at HENRY'S.

TOBACCO—Anderson's Fine Cut, Nature Leaf, Grant's, Baltimore Plug, and Cu and Dry, at HENRY'S

WILLOW WARE, Lamps, Shades, and Lamp Chimneys, at HENRY'S.

MAGIC TACK HAMMERS, Shoe Brush Blacking, Ink, Castor and Sweet Oil, HENRY'S.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—Lemon and Vanilla, at HENRY'S.

BUGGY WHIPS, only 25 cents, at HENRY'S.

TEAS—Young Hyson, Blackand Imperial at

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS' ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box: the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

MME. DEMOREST'S
Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES. THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the amt in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.

☞ Summer No. now ready.

New Goods!!
B. S. RANGER,
Bridgewater, Pa.,

HAS just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS,

which will be offered at *PANIC PRICES.* Amongst his stock can, at all times, be found a variety of

DRESS GOODS, MUSLINS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
IRON & STEEL, all varieties.
NAILS by the pound or keg.
WHITE LEAD and VARNISH.
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WINDOW GLASS, all sizes,
QUEENSWARE, LOOKING-GLASSES, &c.,

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or Country Produce.

Bridgewater, May 7, 1862.

BEAVER ACADEMY.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, 1st DAY OF SEPTEMBER

☞ For particulars address the Principal

S. B. MERCER, Beaver, Pa.;

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of OCTAVIA ALLISON, late of Greene tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim against said estate will present them to th subscribers properly authenticated for settlement

JAMES ALLISON, Greene, tp.,
aug6 Executor.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, or Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c., will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy16,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

OIL CANS, best in use, at HENRY'S

PHŒNIX
LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 178 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREE.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

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LETTERS of administration upon the estate of HENRY CAMPBELL, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. SAMUEL NELSON,

June 25 1862. Administrator.

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These pictures are not mere shades, but warranted SUPERIOR to any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any other artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens I will remain but a few weeks.

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Jan. 20, 1862.

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FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

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DR. J. C. AYER: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your CHERRY PECTORAL. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of Utica, N. Y., writes: "I have used your *Pectoral* myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

SPRINGFIELD, Miss., Feb. 7, 1856.

BROTHER AYER: I will *cheerfully certify your Pectoral* is the best remedy we possess for the cure of whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

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AMOS LEE, Esq., MONTERAY, Ia., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me in doors six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your *Pectoral* by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

WEST MANCHESTER, Pa., Feb. 4, 1856.

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Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the *Cherry Pectoral* affords relief and comfort.

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Yours with gratitude and regard,
ORLANDO BRELBY, of SPRINGVILLE.

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

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THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these PILLS have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines, and that they win unprecedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone, with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from a foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of all, Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach. Such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

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S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

Notice.

The accounts and subscriptions to THE ARGUS for 1860 and 1861, which have not been settled up, as well as the accounts of M. Weyand, M. & J. Weyand, and Weyand and Henry, are in my hands for settlement. All who are indebted to either of these for subscription, advertisement or job work, will please call on me at the TREASURER'S OFFICE. Many of these accounts are of long standing and should be settled.

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We might enumerate hundreds of other cases were it necessary, but Sellers' Vermifuge has stood the searching test of the medical faculty and public for *more than a quarter* of a century, which, of itself, is conclusive of its *entire safety, as well as the certainty* of its effect.

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